



From  
**\$19,685** AUD

Single Room  
 \$22,835 AUD

Twin Room  
 \$19,685 AUD

Prices valid until  
 30th December 2024

**29 days**

Duration

**China, Kyrgyzstan**

Destination

**Level 2 - Moderate**

Activity

# Travel on the Silk Road with Odyssey Traveller | Small Group Tour for Seniors



May 05 2025 to Jun 02 2025

## Silk Road Small Group Tour

Odyssey Traveller's 29-day fully escorted small group Silk Road tours for seniors take you on a journey across the Eurasian steppe, tracing the ancient trade routes collectively known as the Silk Road. This guided small group tour is for couples and solo travellers, it follows the Silk road across three countries, China , Kyrgyzstan and Uzbekistan . Some Silk road travel tours only offer the China Silk road tour , this is

not one of them. Our next departure will be Silk road tours 2025, along this trade route.

The ancient Silk Road facilitated a two-way exchange of goods and ideas and led to the prosperity of cities supplying the routes' ports and markets of trade. The UNESCO World heritage site has a full list of the Silk Road cities , which includes Guangzhou and Xi'an ( China ) , Isfahan ( Iran ) , Bukhara and Samarkand ( Uzbekistan ) , Jeddah ( Saudi Arabia) , Baku(Azerbaijan) , Almaty ( Kazakhstan ) , and Venice (Italy) , these emerging cities show today how the silk road an ancient world of adventure built ancient China and the regions beyond through the trade of desired goods in both directions. Marco Polo possibly was the first to describe the silk road an ancient world of adventure to his scribe sitting imprisoned in Genoa revealed much about the Silk road route and its importance to both East and the West. But the Roman empire centuries before showed how silk exceeded the price of gold and was the must have fabric for both sexes, until it was outlawed for men to wear Chinese silk.

This guided tour will take you to the Silk Road cities and important stops in China , Kyrgyzstan (to reach the Silk Road border post of Naryn), and Uzbekistan and give deeper knowledge of the Silk Road's incredible legacy. The history of it is amazing, as are the explorers and archeologists of the Silk Road who in the 19th century had the opportunity to explore and uncover the legacy of silk road travel over the centuries.

Odyssey Traveller's Silk Road tours from Australia, USA and Britain explores how diverse cultures from both east and west, north and south, have shaped this region for over 2,000 years. We will be accompanied throughout the tour by an Odyssey Program Leader. In both China and Uzbekistan, there will be English-speaking national guides throughout. Local guides will also be present along the way to assist in the interpretation and presentation of information. This tour is designed for the active senior traveller keen on learning more about history, viewing incredible scenery, and embarking on a unique adventure. To prepare you for this tour we have prepared a reading of list books on the Silk road to read before you join the tour in Xian.



## Silk Road Tour Itinerary

### Xi'an, Lanzhou and Xiahe

Xi'an was the eastern terminus of the Silk Road and China's oldest ancient capital, the perfect place from which to commence our tour along this ancient trade route. It possesses the longest history of any of China's cities. It is home to the famous Terracotta warriors army. Our silk road journey then takes us in to Western China and Lanzhou, the capital and largest city of Gansu Province in Northwest China. We venture further across western China, into the Xinjiang province, an Autonomous Region of China. Xiahe is an ethnically Tibetan old town, home to sprawling monasteries and the verdant Sangke Grassland.

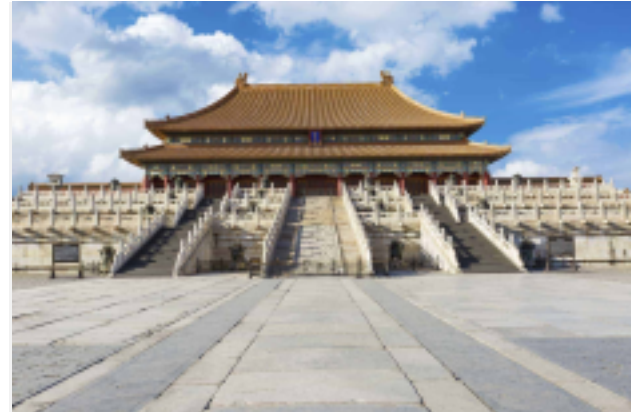
### Heading north-west

As we continue north-west, we take in the western termination point of the Great Wall at Jiayuguan. Jiayuguan is the site of the largest and most intact pass of the Great Wall of China. We will visit the Overhanging Great Wall, an important part of this region's defence. The nearby area of Dunhuang is the location of the Mogao Caves (Mogao grotto), within which Buddhist treasures and artefacts continue to be discovered.

### Turpan and Kashgar

After crossing the spectacular landscape of the southern Gobi Desert, our Silk road adventure travels along the northern arm of the Silk Road to the region of Turpan. Here, we explore several archaeological sites. We then move south-west. In this arid far-western part of China, we visit the oasis centre of Kashgar. This city is famous for its multicultural communities and interesting landscapes.

We continue our journey to Uzbekistan, where we stay in the fascinating Silk Road cities on the trade route of Samarkand and Bukhara. Our final stop on this version of the Silk road tours is Tashkent, capital of Uzbekistan, where the tour concludes its journey for this small group ion



the ancient trading route.

You can learn more about [China](#) , [Kyrgyzstan](#) and [Uzbekistan](#) with our country profiles. For more details about this Silk Road Tour, click the 'Top 5' or 'Itinerary' buttons above! If you're keen to experience this tour, [please call or send an email](#). Or, to book, simply fill in the form on the righthand side of this page.

### Tour Notes

- Shared compartments only available on the train.

### Tour Notes

- Where overnight trains are used, no single compartments are available. Shared compartments only.

### Highlights

1. Visit the UNESCO World Heritage Site Mogao Grottoes (Caves of a Thousand Buddhas) with their spectacular frescoes and fascinating history.
2. Visit the Savistky Museum in Nukus and view the world's second largest collection of Russian avant garde art
3. Take in breathtaking views of the Tien Shan mountain range and Issyk Kul in Kyrgyzstan.
4. Explore the tomb of Emperor Qin and the Terracotta Army, one of the world's most remarkable archaeological finds.
5. Spend time in the fabled Silk Road cities of Bukhara and Samarkand, centres of religion, trade, and scholarship.

### Itinerary

Travel on the Silk Road with Odyssey Traveller | Small Group Tour for Seniors

<https://www.odysseytraveller.com>



## Day 1

**Locations:** Xian

### Overview:

Upon arrival in Xian, we make our own way to our hotel. Remnants of the ancient Chinese capital of Chang'an ("Perpetual Peace") can still be seen behind the sheen of modern Xian, as many of its monuments, Ming-era city walls, and Muslim Quarter still stand. Chang'an was the capital of more than ten Chinese dynasties, reaching its apex under the Tang Dynasty as it grew to become the home of more than a million Chinese and foreigners, comparable to the population of a modern metropolis. Nara, Japan's first permanent capital, as well as the thousand-year capital Kyoto were modelled on Chang'an's grid-like layout. We will start our tour with an introductory meeting in the late afternoon, followed by a welcome dinner. (D)

### Accommodation:

Grand Dynasty Culture Hotel or similar

## Day 2

**Locations:** Xian

### Overview:

Xian is most famous for its Army of the Terracotta Warriors, and today we will visit this life-size army guarding the tomb of Emperor Qin Shi Huang, the first emperor of a unified China. It is one of the most famous archaeological finds in the world, the underground vault containing the warriors, bronze chariots, and horses discovered fortuitously in 1974 by workers drilling a well. We will also visit the Neolithic archaeological site of Banpo Village, which was discovered by workers as well in 1953 in the process of digging a foundation for a factory. Located in the Yellow River Valley, east of Xian, the site covers almost 20 acres and contains stone tools and various artefacts of the Yangshao Culture, which flourished in the Yellow River Valley between 5000 and 3000 BC. The Yangshao Culture was believed to be matrilineal, which meant one's ancestry was traced through the mother's line, not the father's. It was the first large-scale archaeological operation of the People's Republic of China and is a worthy visit. In the evening, we will enjoy a dumpling



banquet whilst entertained by the Tang Dynasty Show, which combines poetry with singing, dancing, and colourful costumes. (B,D)

**Accommodation:**

Grand Dynasty Culture Hotel or similar

**Day 3**

**Locations:** Xian

**Overview:**

We have a full-day tour of the city. Our first stop is the Big Wild Goose Pagoda, a Buddhist pagoda built during the Tang Dynasty and repaired during the Ming Dynasty. It is a uniquely Tang-style pagoda, with square instead of round floors. A World Heritage Site, the Big Wild Goose Pagoda held figurines of the Buddha and Buddhist texts brought to China from India by the monk Xuanzang. We will also walk the original City Wall, built as a military defence system, and which still surrounds the entire city to this day. After this we will be taken on a walk that will end at the Forest of Stone Steles Museum. Chinese steles are rectangular stone tablets upon which Chinese characters forming a funerary, commemorative, or edifying text are inscribed. They can also contain poems, portraits, or maps, and will be of great interest for fans of the art of Chinese calligraphy. We will visit the Muslim Quarter and see the Great Mosque, one of the oldest, largest, and best-preserved Islamic mosques. The Muslim enclave inside the city can be traced back to the Tang Dynasty, when Muslim merchants came and stayed in Chang'an via the Silk Road. We will also visit the Drum Tower, which towers over the city and signals the end of the day with the beating of a huge drum at sunset. Today's sightseeing is concluded with a visit to the Provincial Museum which is one of best museums displaying China's ancient civilisation. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Grand Dynasty Culture Hotel or similar.



## Day 4

**Locations:** Xian - Lanzhou

### Overview:

This morning we take a high-speed train to Lanzhou, the capital of Gansu province in west-central China. In the afternoon we visit the seven-story White Pagoda, nestled in the mountains on the northern bank of the Yellow River. The top of the White Pagoda offers a bird's-eye view of Lanzhou. We will then take a stroll along the Yellow River and view the Lanzhou Ancient Water Mill, a unique, circular structure made of wood serving as an irrigation implement dating back to the Ming dynasty. (B,D)

### Accommodation:

Grand Soluxe Hotel Gansu or similar

## Day 5

**Locations:** Lanzhou - Xiahe

### Overview:

From Lanzhou, we will travel by coach to Xiahe where we visit the Labrang Monastery. Xiahe is an ethnically Tibetan town in the People's Republic of China, and is famous for the Labrang Monastery, a monastery of the Yellow Hat sect (Gelug) of Tibetan Buddhism. An important member of the Yellow Hat sect is the Dalai Lama, the spiritual leader of the Tibetan people. Located on the Daxia River and founded in 1709, this monastery is home to the largest population of monks outside of the Tibet Autonomous Region. With its chapels, temple halls, living quarters for the monks, and monastic colleges, Labrang can be considered a monastic town unto itself. (B,D)

### Accommodation:

Jiusheng International Hotel or similar

## Day 6

**Locations:** Xiahe - Lanzhou

### Overview:

After breakfast we travel back to Lanzhou and in the afternoon we visit the Gansu Provincial Museum, which contains 350,000 pieces of cultural relics, including the famous Flying Horse of Gansu, a bronze sculpture from the Eastern Han dynasty dating back to circa 2nd century AD. Before the Silk Road was formally opened, Han emissary Zhang Qian's report about a new breed of horses he found in Central Asia, larger and more powerful than the small local breed of horses that the Chinese use, became a sensation at the imperial court. The Han Dynasty acquired these warhorses (depicted in this bronze sculpture) to fight their nomadic invaders. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Grand Soluxe Hotel Gansu or similar

## Day 7

**Locations:** Lanzhou - Jiayuguan

### Overview:

From Lanzhou we take a high-speed train to Jiayuguan, which sits in the Gobi Desert. It is most famous for the Jiayu Pass of the Great Wall of China. "Jiayu Pass" is the English translation of the city's name ("Jiayuguan"), as this frontier town grew from the pass built at the western end of the Great Wall during the reign of the Ming Dynasty. A vital passage way on the Silk Road, Jiayu Pass became surrounded with inns for merchants, who eventually stayed and made the area their home. Remarkably, the entire fortress is intact and its mighty walls soar up as if defying nature and the stark desert surroundings. But as huge as the fort is, it is dwarfed by the snow-capped peaks of the Tian Shan mountain range, which reaches a height of 5,547 metres. We will also visit the Overhanging Great Wall, a steep section of the pass, and the Great Wall Museum. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Plaza Holiday Inn or similar



## Day 8

**Locations:** Jiayuguan - Dunhuang

### Overview:

Today we travel by coach to the Dunhuang region, an oasis town and a major stop on the Silk Road. From the west, Dunhuang was the first trading town reached by Silk Road merchants entering Chinese-administered territory. It is in this region that the Great Wall finally peters out and vanishes into the dust of the Gansu Desert. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

The Silk Road Dunhuang Hotel or similar

## Day 9

**Locations:** Dunhuang

### Overview:

Today we cross the Gansu desert to the Mogao Grottoes, inscribed on UNESCO's World Heritage List and which form part of the ruins of the Yumen and Yangguan Passes, the westernmost gates of the Gate Wall. The Mogao Grottoes are also called the Mogao Caves or the "Caves of the Thousand Buddhas". Dunhuang was a centre of Buddhism from the 4th century. In 366, Buddhist monks and missionaries founded the first of the caves, turning the town into a major place of Buddhist pilgrimage. The 492 decorated caves contain 2,000 statues and 45,000 murals, representing the finest example of Buddhist cave art. Afterwards, we will have a tour to Crescent Spring, a lake in the shape of a perfect half-moon, and Singing Sands Mountain, a giant dune said to make the sound of chimes as the wind blows over the sand. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

The Silk Road Dunhuang Hotel or similar

## Day 10

**Locations:** Dunhuang - Turpan

### Overview:

Today, we transfer by coach to Liuyang station and take a high-speed train north-west to Turpan. (B,D)

### Accommodation:

Shuangcheng Hotel or similar

## Day 11

**Locations:** Turpan

### Overview:

Turpan, lying at 154 metres below sea level, is the second-lowest depression in the world and the lowest elevation in China. Known as Gaochang in antiquity, Turpan served as a frontier town on the Silk Road, serving as a stopover for travellers. One can just imagine how fascinating Turpan must have been to the ancient merchants. We will visit the Flaming Mountains, hills of red sandstone that spread out for fifty kilometres. In the classic Chinese novel *Journey to the West*, the Monkey King knocked over a kiln in the heavens and the embers fell from the sky to where the Flaming Mountains are now. The red sandstone looks fiery but the mountain climate can also be very hot—reaching 50 °C (122 °F) or higher. The Bezeklik Thousand Buddha Caves lies under the cliffs of the Flaming Mountains. Like the Dunhuang grottoes, the Bezeklik Caves also contain Buddhist art. We will also visit the ruins of Gaochang, the ancient city from which Turpan sprung, and the Ancient Astana Tombs. After lunch we will visit Aydingkol Lake, which thousands of years ago was a freshwater lake, but has now dried to a salt rime. (B,L)

### Accommodation:

Shuangcheng Hotel or similar

## Day 12

**Locations:** Turpan - Urumqi

### Overview:

This morning we will visit Grape Valley, where grapes are cultivated on arid land. The Sugong Minaret (or Sugong Ta), a brick tower dating back to the 1770s, is also a worthy stop. Made of mud brick, it survived in the desert for more than 200 years due to very little rainfall in the area. We will also view the Karez ancient irrigation system, which is made up of a series of vertically dug wells linked by underground water canals collecting water from the base of the Tian Shan Mountains and the Flaming Mountains, an ingenious system that supported ancient populations. After lunch we transfer to Urumqi by coach, en route passing a large wind-powered power plant. Urumqi is the capital city of the Xinjiang Uighur Autonomous Region, set within the Tian Shan Mountains. (B,L)

### Accommodation:

Jin Jiang International Hotel Urumqi or similar

## Day 13

**Locations:** Urumqi

### Overview:

Today we have an early-morning start for our full-day tour to Heavenly Lake, where we will enjoy a tranquil boat ride. Our coach travels 50 kilometres through the grazing lands of the Uighurs and Kazakhs. Their sheep, cattle, and horses never stray far from the yurts of these nomadic folk. We will see the impressive "Peak of God" (Bogda Feng), which soars 5,445 metres from the desert floor. Halfway up the mountain is the most beautiful of alpine lakes, the aptly named "Lake of Heaven," fed by Mt. Bogda glacier and surrounded by pine and fir trees. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Jin Jiang International Hotel Urumqi or similar

## Day 14

**Locations:** Urumqi - Kashgar

### Overview:

We transfer this morning to the airport for our flight to Kashgar, one of the westernmost cities of China, closer to Afghanistan, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, and Tajikistan than Beijing. It is a trading stop on the Silk Road, and was once under the rule of Chinese, Turkic, Mongol, and Tibetan empires, their influences evident on the city's architecture. On arrival in Kashgar we will be taken on a sightseeing tour, which includes the beautiful Abakhoja Romb, the Grand Idagh Mosque and Arts and Crafts street. We also visit the Old Russian embassy and the British embassy. Kashgar is a fabled city which, until recent years, was closed to Westerners. This oasis town is steeped in mystery and intrigue, and reminds one more of Casablanca or Marrakesh than a Chinese town. The standard form of taxi is a donkey cart and as you lose yourself in the dusty, backstreet markets of the Old Quarter you will stumble across many a rare treasure for which you will have to bargain fiercely. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Tianyuan International Hotel or similar

## Day 15

**Locations:** Kashgar - Torugart Pass - Naryn

### Overview:

Today we have to prepare ourselves for a long ride as we will drive through the Torugart Pass and into Kyrgyzstan. The Torugart Pass, sitting 3,752 metres above sea level, is a mountain pass in the Tian Shan mountain range between China and Kyrgyzstan. We first ride to the Torugart Pass by coach and undertake Chinese border formalities while enjoying the view of the picturesque mountain range. We then travel another seven (7) kilometres to the Kyrgyzstan border point, before continuing along the dusty road to Naryn. Please note that due to the conditions of this road we shall be using smaller vehicles for this section. During this trip we will pass many fields full of wild horses and have fantastic views of the Tian Shan Mountains. En route to Naryn we will pause to view an old *caravanserai*, Tash Rabat. *Caravanserais* are

roadside inns that dotted the Silk Road to provide a place for travellers to rest and recover. The name was derived from the Persian compound word *karvansaray* (combining *karvan* “caravan” with *saray* “palace”). These inns were built with a central open-air courtyard. Tash Rabat (“tash” means “stone” in the Kyrgyz language) is described as a 16th-century *caravanserai*, but many believe it may date back to the 9th or 10th centuries when Arabs penetrated China via this route. Located in the mountains, Tash Rabat offered perfect protection to Silk Road merchants and travellers against brutal weather conditions such as heavy snow and freezing temperatures. Due to the nature of the terrain, there are no restrooms available en route to Naryn. However, when needed, our vehicles will pull over for toilet stops. A pre-packed lunch will be provided for us. On arrival in Naryn we will transfer to our hotel, and spend the remainder of the day at our leisure. Naryn is a small town yet untouched by mass tourism, and will offer solace as we rest after the long journey. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Khan-Tengri Guest House or similar

**Day 16**

**Locations:** Naryn - Issyk-Kul

**Overview:**

This morning we drive via the picturesque Dolan Pass to Issyk Kul, a lake in the northern Tian Shan mountains and a significant resting point on the northern branch of the Silk Road. In the Kyrgyz language, its name means “warm lake” because it never freezes. It is the second largest saline lake after the Caspian Sea. This afternoon we visit the Cholpan Ata Bazaar and view rock drawings dating from the 1st century BC to the 7th century AD. We will have an excursion to the Petroglyphs’ Museum which contains a number of prehistoric monumental structures and petroglyphs dating from the 2nd millennium BC up to the Middle Ages up to the 6th century. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Royal Beach Resort or similar

## Day 17

**Locations:** Issyk-Kul - Karakol - Issyk-Kul

### Overview:

This morning we drive to the capital of Issyk-Kul Lake region – Karakol for sightseeing tour, we stop to visit Prjevalsky Museum followed by lunch at a local café. We then visit the Russian Orthodox Church and the Dungan Mosque, built in a Buddhist pagoda style in wood without a single nail. Later we return to our hotel. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Royal Beach Resort or similar

## Day 18

**Locations:** Issyk-Kul - Bishkek

### Overview:

Today we have an early morning departure for Bishkek, the capital of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan, located 400 kilometres to the west of Issyk Kul. En route, we pause at Burana, the ruins of a 9th to 11th century caravan town from the period of the Turkic Karakhanid Dynasty. We will view the surviving Burana tower and the nearby archaeological museum. We arrive at Bishkek in time for a late lunch. After lunch, we have a short orientation regarding Bishkek, a modern city with vast squares, crowded bazaars, impressive administrative centres, and educational institutions. Bishkek was captured by the Russians in 1862. It became the administrative centre of the Kyrgyz autonomous province (later re-named the Kyrgyz Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic) in 1924, and like other former Soviet Union republics declared its independence in 1991 upon the dissolution of the USSR. As the major industrial centre of the republic, Bishkek's factories produce leather goods, agricultural machinery, and a variety of textiles. We will visit the History Museum and the Tsum (Soviet-period supermarket). Dinner will be at a local restaurant, accompanied by traditional music. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Park Hotel or similar

## Day 19

**Locations:** Bishkek - Ala Archa - Bishkek - Tashkent

### Overview:

After breakfast, we transfer to Ala-Archa Canyon, famous for its perpetual snow stretching for 200 kilometres. This unique alpine national park is one of the main attractions in Kyrgyzstan and is located not far from Bishkek. The park, which includes the gorge of the Ala-Archa River and the mountains surrounding it, is famous for its beauty. It is also home to a number of rare plants and birds. "Ala-Archa" means "many-coloured juniper" after the trees found in abundance in the area. After a walk in Ala-Archa National Park, we return to Bishkek for lunch at a local cafe, before making our way to the airport for our evening flight to Tashkent, the capital of Uzbekistan. On arrival, we are transferred to our hotel. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

City Palace Hotel or similar

## Day 20

**Locations:** Tashkent - Nukus - Khiva

### Overview:

We have a very early start today as we head back to the airport for a flight to Nukus. On arrival we'll be met and take a sightseeing tour of the city with a visit to the Savitsky Art Museum, which houses the second most valuable collection of paintings by the Russian avant-garde artist Igor Savitsky. We'll also visit an Embroidery centre of Gulnara Egamberdieva and a local yurt making family. After lunch at a local restaurant we travel about 4hrs to Khiva where we spend the next 2 nights. Khiva is on the Amu-Darya, the longest of the 2 rivers that run east to west across Central Asia, and so has a long history of agriculture in an otherwise arid environment. It was also a trading post and on a minor branch of the Silk Road trading route. Following Tamerlane's (Timur) plundering and destructive campaigns of the late 1300s, Khiva became capital of Korozem khanate. Its inner city is packed with many

religious buildings and buildings from past rulers. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Asia Khiva Hotel or similar

**Day 21**

**Locations:** Khiva

**Overview:**

We spend the day exploring this amazing city. We visit Kalta Minor Minaret, the Kunya ark fortress with administrative buildings, gunpowder works, law courts, mosque, the Pakhlavan Makhmud complex, the most remarkable architecture memorial complex in Khiva with unique tiles, and Ak-Sheikh Baba Observation platform. After lunch at a local restaurant we continue our sightseeing and visit Islam Khodja minaret, built in 1908 it is the highest building in Khiva. Djuma Mosque, cathedral mosque with a roof which lies on 212 wooden fretted columns and lastly we visit Tash Hovli Palace, the summer residence of Khiva Khans, built in the 19<sup>th</sup> century. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Asia Khiva Hotel or similar

**Day 22**

**Locations:** Khiva - Bukhara

**Overview:**

This morning, we travel by coach to Bukhara, an ancient city and prominent stop on the Silk Road. In addition to being a trade stop, Bukhara also served as a major centre of Islamic theology, scholarship, and culture. UNESCO has listed the city's historic centre, home to numerous mosques and *madrasas* (educational institutions), as a World Heritage Site. En route we stop to appreciate the fauna and flora of the Kyzyl Kum desert, for centuries it marked the northern limit of Transoxiana and the edge of the boundless nomadic steppe. Lunch will be at Chaihana, in the desert. We'll arrive late afternoon in Bukhara.



(B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Asia Bukhara Hotel or similar

**Day 23**

**Locations:** Bukhara

**Overview:**

We start our sightseeing with the Ark of Bukhara, a fortress built in the 5th century, followed by the Ismoil Somoni Mausoleum. We pause for lunch at a local restaurant and continue our sightseeing afterwards. We will visit the Poikalon complex, which consists of three structures: Minorai Kalin, Masjidi Kalon and Miri Arab Madrassah. Next, we explore the Labi Havz, which translates as “ensemble near the pool”. There are three monumental structures here, too: the Kukeldash Madrassah, Nadir Devanbegi Madrassah and Nadir Devanbagi Khanaka, all of which date from the 16th century. Finally, we pay a visit to the Maggoki Attari Mosque, before retiring for dinner and an Uzbek dance show. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Asia Bukhara Hotel or similar

**Day 24**

**Locations:** Bukhara - Giduvan - Samarkand

**Overview:**

Today we travel by coach to Samarkand, which like Bukhara was a great Silk Road city and a centre for Islamic scholarship. The city centre is on the World Heritage List. En route we will visit Sitora-i-Mokhikhosa, the Summer Palace of the Former Emir of Bukhara. En route we stop to at the small town of Gijduvan to see the traditional pottery works of Alisher. Lunch will be with Alisher’s family. We arrive at our hotel in Samarkand in the early evening for dinner. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

Registan Plaza Hotel or similar

## Day 25

**Locations:** Samarkand

### Overview:

We have a morning tour including a visit to Ulugbek's Observatory, Afrosiab Museum and archaeological sites and Shahi Zinda Necropolis, a series of intricately designed tombs continually constructed over many centuries. After lunch at a local restaurant we continue our sightseeing with Registan Square to see the three beautiful madrasas, Shirdor, Ulugbek, and Tilla Kari followed by a visit to Gur Emir Mausoleum. Dinner will be at a local Uzbek family home. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Registan Plaza Hotel or similar

## Day 26

**Locations:** Samarkand - Shakre Sabz - Samarkand

### Overview:

Today we will go on an excursion to Shakre Sabz, the birthplace of the Turkic conqueror Tamerlane (Timur). Of Mongol ancestry and known in history as a brutal warrior, Tamerlane established a vast empire in the 14th century, which included Turkistan, Afghanistan, Persia, Syria, southern Russia, and India. Under his reign, Samarkand became a beautiful city as Tamerlane was an eager patron of art and scholarship. His empire did not survive after his death in 1405. We will see the ruins of Tamerlane's summer residence, the Ak Saray Palace; Dorus Tilavat Seminary, Kok Gumbaz Mosque and Dorus Saidat. Lunch will be at a local restaurant and later in the afternoon we return to Samarkand (approx. 3hrs drive). Dinner will be at the hotel. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

Registan Plaza Hotel or similar

## Day 27

**Locations:** Samarkand – Tashkent

### Overview:

We have a free morning in Samarkand for personal sightseeing or resting. We check-out of the hotel at noon and have lunch at a local restaurant. We'll enjoy a little more sightseeing including visit to the Bibi Khanum Mosque and Siab Bazaar. In the late afternoon we are transferred to the trains station and catch the high-speed train to Tashkent. On arrival in Tashkent we will be transferred to our hotel. We will have dinner in a local restaurant. (B,L,D)

### Accommodation:

City Palace Hotel or similar

## Day 28

**Locations:** Tashkent

### Overview:

After having our fill of Samarkand, we will now turn our attention to the capital of Uzbekistan, Tashkent. This city boasts of more than 2,000 years of written history. In 1219, Tashkent was destroyed by Genghis Khan, but was rebuilt and became prosperous from profits brought by the Silk Road. Its name is derived from the Persian word for "city" (*chach*). After the 16th century, the name evolved from Chashkand to Tashkand. The modern spelling "Tashkent" reflects 20th-century Soviet influence. Developments in the city after the 1991 dissolution of the Soviet Union sought to replace icons from the Soviet era, such as the statue of Lenin now replaced with a structure of a globe, called the Monument of Independence of Uzbekistan. This morning we will visit Hast Imam complex, Barak Khana, and the Tila Shaikh Mosque and archives. Later we proceed to Chorsu Bazaar, Kukeldesh Madrassah and the History Museum and a ride on the Tashkent Metro, its stations are among the most ornate in the world. Lunch will be at a local restaurant. In the afternoon we will be taken to the Navoi Theatre and shall see the day's performance, pending their schedule. Tonight we will

be treated to a farewell dinner at a local restaurant. (B,L,D)

**Accommodation:**

City Palace Hotel or similar

**Day 29**

**Locations:** Tashkent

**Overview:**

Our tour concludes after breakfast, however we may offer optional activities if the group flight is scheduled for an evening departure, such as a visit to the Fine Arts Museum, Amir Timur Museum and Park during the afternoon. Note: A transfer to the airport is included if all participants are departing at the same time (flight details will be advised approximately 60 days prior to start date of the tour) (B)

## Inclusions / Exclusions

**What's included in our Tour**

- 28 nights of hotel accommodation.
- 28 breakfasts, 23 lunches, and 26 dinners.
- Internal flight sectors are included as per itinerary, economy class.
- Touring in best available air-conditioned coaches.
- All transfers and portorage (1 bag per person) while on tour (day 2 to Day 18) except in local airports where portorage is usually not available.
- Comprehensive sightseeing tours with English speaking guides, including all entrances fees throughout.
- Tipping and gratuities.
- Services of a Tour Leader.

**What's not included in our Tour**

- International airfares and departure taxes.
- Comprehensive international travel insurance.
- Visa fees, where required.
- Meals on the trains.
- Arrival and departure transfers (start/end) of tour.
- Items of a personal nature eg. Drinks, telephone calls, laundry.

### **Level 2 - Moderate**

Participants must be able to carry their own luggage, climb and descend stairs, be in good health, mobile and able to participate in 3-5 hours of physical activity per day, the equivalent of walking/hiking up to 8 kilometres on uneven ground.

Please do not hesitate to contact us with any requests for further information about this tour or any others offered by Odyssey Travel.